

A Review on Design & Management of Traffic Control System

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Abstract- Traffic control has been a serious issue since mortal civilization. The ultramodern world demands mobility. buses represents the main mode of mobility, but moments congested roadways and megacity thoroughfares don't allowed the vehicles move presto and occasionally they don't move at each. The India has 70 mobility on the road mode; hence the major problems created in large metropolises are the business traffic, destruction of precious time in developed countries. For this need to break the major problem of business, to achieve the strategic thing of reducing the traffic and perfecting the safety of the road druggies, main end is to design the stylish business system that will be flexible and consanguineous. Intelligent business systems (ITS), occasionally called intelligent transportation systems, apply dispatches and information technology to give results to this traffic as well as other business control issues. The intelligent transport system (ITS) takes the first step towards meeting this challenge by furnishing effective, dependable and meaningful knowledge to drivers in time through signals. Problems like high business traffic, low transportation effectiveness, low safety and exposed terrain can be answered through innovative and sophisticated ways of handling rearmost ways. In this paper colorful factors needed to reduce business problem at colorful corners are studied in details and enforced them for reducing the business problem form the data collected through business checks at three congested points of Pune megacity & Design of signals for three junctions is carried out.

Keywords—Intelligent Transportation System, Traffic Signal Design, Traffic Congestion. Traffic Separation. Etc.

1. INTRODUCTION

In the society of moment the road network is of great significance. As metropolises grows so does the requirements of transportation and this puts a raised pressure on the structure. Therefore it's of great significance to have a dependable and spare structure for the business, to make sure that it works indeed during bad conditions. There are several different hazards which may have an impact on the road structure similar as for illustration natural catastrophes, accidents or failure of corridor of the road network. Since the different structure systems get further and intertwined in the society of moment and the society

becomes more vulnerable for catastrophes, these hazards might have goods on other structure systems as well. therefore more and more experimenters start to look at the threat of possible protruded consequences in connected networks Transport planning has been historically concerned with trip gets and the transportation system in some negligibly ' typical ' conditions under which the networks were designed for certain demand and certain capacity. In the once inadequate consideration has been given to the robustness and associated trust ability of road networks it's only during the last decade that considerable exploration interest has started to crop for this important aspect of the transportation system. Business Signals are one of the further familiar types of crossroad control. Using either a fixed or adaptive schedule, business signals allow certain corridor of the crossroad to move while forcing other corridor to stay, delivering instructions to motorists through a set of various lights. Our purpose of business signals is to ameliorate overall safety, drop average trip time through an crossroad, and equate the quality of services for all or most business aqueducts. Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) is used to ameliorate the safety and capacity of road systems. A system is said to be congested when the demand exceeds the capacity of the section.

Passenger movement in civic centers is largely dependent on roads through operation of low capacity intimately possessed modes like two wheeler, three wheeler and buses particularly in metro-polite metropolises like Nasik. While the stationary characteristics of these vehicles have vast variation, there's tremendous change in the dynamic characteristics like speed and acceleration in last decade due to bettered machine technology. All the variety of the vehicles shares the same thruway

2. OBJECTIVES

1. To study delay in travelling time& to minimize the same.
2. To design traffic signals of Intersection at Karaj chowk, Navale Bridge , Dattanagar Chowk Ambegaon road Pune for efficient vehicle movement.

3. NEED OF THE STUDY

Passenger movement in civic centers is largely dependent on roads through operation of low capacity intimately possessed modes like two wheeler, three wheeler and buses particularly in metro-polite metropolises like Nasik. While the stationary characteristics of these vehicles have vast variation, there's tremendous change in the dynamic characteristics like speed and acceleration in last decade due to bettered machine technology. All the variety of the vehicles shares the same thruway without isolation and lane discipline. Ascendance of two wheelers in the business composition raises the question mark for the felicity of passenger auto as original vehicle for expression of sluice inflow variables like volume and viscosity. Indian Roads Congress(IRC 106- 1990) also recommends constant passenger auto units on 5 and 10 or further proportion of different types of vehicles in midblock sections of civic roads. The validity of these PCU values in the present environment needs to be examined as the aggregate effect of diversity makes the equality of a vehicle veritably unstable under different sluice inflow administrations Further, the estimation of capacity and design volumes for position of service for different orders of civic roads are also recommended in terms of constant PCU values by the Indian Roads Congress. In absence of any recommended speed Flow- Density connections for the script in Indian civic environment, it's insolvable for business and transportation itineraries to estimate the quality of position of service in case of speed reduction and detainments with change in business volume. The problem becomes complex due to unbridled availability and road side conditioning particularly on advanced order civic thorough fare like carriageways and sub carriageways.

As the business and thruway terrain prevailing on civic roads in India isn't similar with that current in metropolises of advanced nations, In view of the below, it's asked to carry out a study to assay the effect of dimensional and dynamic diversity on business characteristics and their nominator courses for a fast growing metropolitan megacity like Pune. In Pune megacity, there's large volume of traffic of business inflow causing great vexation to the peoples using the road network. therefore A study of business safety is therefore of vital significance to a trace mastermind. The study should deal with colorful factors, which beget road accidents and how they can be averted by colorful measures. The special problem of safety of vulnerable road druggies like climbers, cyclists and riders of two- wheelers needs to be bandied. The provision of good road lighting and anti-skid road shells deserves a careful study. Road accidents are known to beget high profitable losses to the society, piecemeal from grief to the affected persons. The quantification of the cost of road accidents becomes useful in assessing the costs and benefits of road enhancement schemes.

4. SCOPE OF WORK

The study is focused on urban road of arterial and sub arterial category. Midblock section is selected after pilot study of the arterial and sub arterial roads in Nasik. In the pilot study, volume and stream speed as well as effect of road side activities on through traffic are studied based on visual interpretations and small field surveys. Classified traffic volume counts for the peak and off peak durations are carried out through manual counts. Speed studies are also carried out by interpretation of spot speed measurement. Synchronization of signals will minimize the delay for travelling. Every time automobile reaches the intersection will get the Green signal for the further proceeding towards the destination improving the mobility & minimizing the delay. It will definitely save the time & also achieve the economy.

5. TYPES OF SIGNS

Traffic sign is the component of traffic control system. There are three types is as follows

- 5.1. Regulatory signs
- 5.2. Warning signs
- 5.3. Guide signs

5.1 Regulatory signs- Regulatory sign are used to inform the road users of selected traffic laws or regulations and are installed to provide safety of same shape and similar colour.

5.2 Warning signs- it indicates the hazard ahead on the road. In most countries, they usually take the shape of equilateral triangle with white background and a thick red colour.

5.3 Guide signs: Guide sign inform the driver of situation ahead that may require extra care.

6. METHOD OF DESIGNING INTERSECTIONS

A. F. V. Webster's Method

In the 1950's Webster conducted a series of trials on pre timed isolated crossroad operation (1) Two business signal timing strategies came from his study One is signal phase splits. Webster demonstrated, both theoretically and experimentally, that prettied signals should have their critical phases timed for the equal degree of achromatic for given cycle length equation in developing the equation for the optimal minimal detention cycle length, it was assumed that the effective green time of the phases were in the rate of their separate y values. $C_o = ((1.5 L 5) / (1 - Y))$ Where C_o = the optimal minimal detention cycle length L = Total lost time with in the cycle sec Y = the sum of critical phase inflow rate The below two strategies are veritably useful for business design and planning when the two rules are applied

together one can virtually minimize the performing detention at an insulated pre timed signalized crossroad

B. Design Of Intersection of Traffic Signal

The design hour business volumes in PCU/hour collected can be tabulated as per the thruway range time taken for rambler to cross the road is calculated. If there's a large range of thoroughfares it's desirable to have a central rambler retreat of at least 1m range. Time that will be demanded by rambler to reach the rambler retreat from the kerb will also be $\text{Time} = \text{Distance} / \text{haste} = X \text{ seconds}$ This will be the rambler concurrence interval during which no signal is displayed to the rambler and those who have just left the kerb or the central retreat before the termination of the rambler green signal can reach safely the central retreat of the kerb as the case may be. The rambler concurrence interval is followed by amber of the coming vehicular phase and by the red signal in rambler phase. For the " average " and position spots with the parking banned, no correction are demanded for the Achromatic inflow gain from the below formula. $S = 525W$

Where,

W= width of approach road in Meters

- 1) 1) We've to consider straight moving vehicles for that purpose following corrections are applied to the left and right turning vehicles. The effect of left turning business will be reckoned for it constitute further than 10 of the business by counting each left acrobat as original to 1.25 straight ahead vehicles. Since no exclusive right turning lanes are handed, the effect of right turning business will be reckoned for by counting each right acrobat as original to 1.75 straight ahead vehicle Maximum Y (Y maximum) for two different phases is calculated by the following formula. $Y = (q / s)$ Where, q = inflow in arm after applying corrections s = achromatic inflow
- 2) Calculate Inter green time as follows Inter green period = Amber period (a) All red period
- 3) 3) Calculate lost time as follows Lost time (L) = Lost time per vehicular phase x Number of phases. Calculate optimum cycle time Optimum cycle time, $C0 = ((1.5 L 5) \div (1 - y))$
- 4) Apportioned Green time for each phase by using following formula, GNS phase = ----- For N- S GEW phase = ----- For E-W Where, GNS = green time for N- S phase GEW = green time for E- W phase

7. LITERATURE REVIEW

Traffic Engineering is a comparatively new branch of engineering and has a growth with the increase in business in recent times. As vehicular business began to increase, the traffic on the thoroughfares began to hinder the safe and effective movement of business. Further and further

accidents were caused, and serious problems of parking ar4e began to be felt. It was, thus, necessary to give increase attention to the functional characteristics of transportation and study the need for better geometric designs, capacity, corners, business regulations, signals, business signs, parking installations, and road lighting. Due to the adding business inflow road networks needs to be bettered and connected, causing further and further corners to develop. Which may beget in serious problems similar as business traffic and detention? Therefore above problems sought to be met with by the effective design of corners. Further we going to deal with study and design of corners Study of former work John. A. Endler, "Signals, signal conditions & the direction of elaboration" This paper is published by the American Naturalist, in March 1992. Invol. 139. Supplement. According to this paper, study of physical parcels of road druggies and environmental conditions, signals & signaling gets , parcels of sensitive systems. Concept of signal reorganization (color visualization) was bandied in this paper & following remedies were suggested. Transferring of signals from a position that lesser than 1m above the ground. Signals may be easily imaged. Don't use of the too low frequentness. (> 10 kHz) Yin ZHU et.al. "Exploration on Urban Traffic Intelligent Integrated System" This paper is published in Journal of the Eastern Asia society for transportation studies in 2005 invol. 6, pp. 2349- 2364. In this paper following points are bandied. Preface of intelligent control integrated system. For resolving the traffic problems created at the crossroad, using the fuzzy sense proposition. Network communication ways, signal control & business control operation, mixed business inflow - design special bike phase. Use of bitsy simulation for detention time. Five corners which were controlled by the active intelligent control system are bandied. Minimization of detention time Ashwini.Y. Dakhole et.al. "Design of Intelligent Traffic Control System Grounded on ARM" This paper is published invol. 1. Issue 6, innov. 2013.(ISSN 2321- 7782). The transnational journal of advance exploration in computer wisdom & operation studies. This paper discusses a design of business control system by using ARM7 & Atmega16 microcontroller for covering the business system & reduces the business logjams caused by business lights. These business control system grounded on vehicles viscosity computation & reduces possibilities of business jam. GPS technology is used for the giving information about road accident to estimate the business volume in road section MontasirM. Abbas et.al. "Configuration of Business-Responsive Plan Selection System Parameters and Thresholds Robust Bayesian Approach" This paper is published in transportation exploration record. Journal on the transportation exploration board, 1867(2004) 233- 242, in 2004. According to this paper, business responsive plan selection (TPRS) is one of the two major unrestricted- circle system modes of operation. These are (TOD) & (TPRS). Two methodologies are used, Bayesian system & Odem system for unrestricted circle system (three crossroad vehicles discovery system). Delay at combination of junction. Dr. Tom

V. Mathew, IIT Bombay, "Design principle of business signal" This is chapter no. 34 of the book Transportation System Engineering IIT Bombay on Feb 19, 2014. This paper gives details about the colorful type of factors demanded in the design a signal. This paper gives information phase design and also different parameters like cycle time, green time, lost time etc. Sumit Mallik, "Intelligent Traffic System " This Paper is Published in International Journal of Civil Engineering Research ISSN 2278- 3652 Volume 5, Number 4(2014), pp 367- 372 In this paper Information technology are used like communication, geographical position, geographical information system, Data accession and exchange, camera system and artificial vision These paper also informs about the Methodological Approach to be followed like information collection, problem linked, chancing result It's has technologies to be enforced for Environment sustainability. Time is Money An Enquiry into effectiveness of the road safety operation system schemes and congestion charges. This paper is published by Karen Mayor in the pupil profitable review volume 19, 2005 This paper studies the aspect of road pricing and its operations The paper gives information about the business operation system and road pricing in proposition different problems in perpetration of congestion charges. It also has the case study of apply of these charges in Hong Kong, London, and Stockholm.

8. CONCLUSION

In this work following parameters of traffic control system are studied Traffic signal, Intelligent traffic system& Traffic control system Also the location at different point such as Navale Bridge Chowk, Datta Nagar Chowk has been taken, for that I have studied the traffic congestion in Pune city making a smart city. Following table shows the cycle time that have been calculated according to the data counts that was collected through the survey. The traffic signal is economical as compared to the construction of bridges at the location. So, the signal eliminates the problem of congestion at these locations as it will efficiently manage traffic flow. Also, Traffic signal is safety and time reducing for vehicles. It reduces the vehicle coming from wrong directions and avoids the accidents that save the valuable human life.

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