

Design and Development of an Intelligent Motorcycle Side Stand System with Auto-Retract and Safety Interlock

Aravind S¹, Aruna A², Geetha Sri J³, Professor Dr. Rajeswari N⁴

^{1,2,3}Students in Mech Engineering Dept, St Peter Institute for Higher Education and Research, Chennai, India

⁴Professor, Dept. of Mech Engineering Dept, St Peter Institute for Higher Education and Research, Chennai, India

ABSTRACT - Motorcycle accidents caused by negligence in retracting the side stand remain a significant safety concern in two-wheeler transportation. To address this issue, the present work proposes the design and development of an intelligent side stand control system that integrates a gyroscopic sensor, speed sensor, DC motor, and limit switches. The system ensures that the side stand is automatically retracted once the ignition is turned ON and the motorcycle is in an upright position. If the motorcycle is tilted with the stand engaged, the system provides a warning through a buzzer and LED indication until the rider corrects the position. A DC motor, operated through limit switches, is used to retract or deploy the stand depending on the ignition status and gyro readings. In addition, the system prevents the engine from starting if the side stand is not fully retracted, thereby providing an additional safety interlock to avoid accidents. When the ignition is switched OFF, the stand is automatically deployed, but only after confirming that the motorcycle is stationary and upright. This automated approach not only minimizes human error but also enhances rider convenience and improves overall road safety. The integration of sensors, actuator, and control logic makes the system reliable, rider-friendly, and practical for next-generation motorcycles. By combining automation with preventive safety measures, the proposed system aims to significantly reduce accidents caused by side stand negligence and contribute toward smarter and safer mobility solutions.

Key Words: Side Stand Mechanism, Auto-Retract, Gyroscopic Sensor, Safety Interlock, DC Motor Control

1. INTRODUCTION

Motorcycles are widely used for daily transport, yet they are highly prone to accidents compared to four-wheelers. A common cause of such accidents is the rider's negligence in retracting the side stand before riding. This issue often results in loss of balance, skidding, or severe crashes, especially while cornering or accelerating.

Conventional solutions like mechanical spring-loaded stands or side stand indicators depend entirely on rider attention, which is not always reliable. Many riders overlook the warnings or ignore them, which makes these systems ineffective in preventing accidents.

To overcome these limitations, this project proposes the design of an automatic side stand system that uses a gyroscopic sensor, speed sensor, DC motor, and limit switches to ensure safe operation. The system automatically retracts the stand when the motorcycle is upright and ignition is ON and provides buzzer/LED warnings if unsafe conditions are detected. Additionally, an engine interlock mechanism prevents the bike from starting when the stand is not fully retracted.

By combining automation, sensing, and rider alerts, the proposed system minimizes human error, improves convenience, and significantly enhances road safety for two-wheeler users.

1.1 PROBLEM DEFINITION

Two-wheeler riders often forget to retract the side stand before riding, which leads to imbalance, skidding, and accidents. Conventional methods such as mechanical spring-loaded stands or side stand indicators provide limited safety since they rely entirely on rider attention. Human negligence and distraction remain the major drawbacks of these systems, making them insufficient to ensure rider safety. Hence, there is a need for a fully automated and reliable side stand mechanism that eliminates the dependency on rider action.

1.2 OBJECTIVE OF THE WORK

The primary objective of this project is to design and develop an automatic side stand control system that enhances motorcycle safety by eliminating accidents caused due to rider negligence. The system aims to integrate gyro and speed sensors to continuously monitor the vehicle's condition, and a DC motor with limit switches is employed to automate the retraction and deployment of the stand. To further improve safety, a safety interlock mechanism is incorporated, which prevents the engine from starting unless the side stand is fully retracted. Additionally, the system provides buzzer and LED alerts to notify the rider in case of unsafe conditions. Overall, the project seeks to enhance both safety and convenience by minimizing human error and introducing a reliable, automated solution for motorcycle side stand operation.

2. LITERATURE REVIEW

Several researchers and manufacturers have worked on improving the safety of motorcycle side stand mechanisms. Traditional designs rely on mechanical spring-loaded systems, which allow the stand to retract when the bike moves forward. While simple, this approach is unreliable at low speeds and often fails to ensure complete safety.



Fig -1: Reference images scooter design and mechanical side stand

[1] Patil et al. (2018) proposed an automatic side stand system using a microcontroller and a limit switch. Their design provided retraction when the ignition was turned ON, but lacked speed or tilt monitoring, which limited its effectiveness.

[2] Kumar and Singh (2019) developed a sensor-based stand retraction mechanism using a proximity sensor and relay for ignition cut-off. This system improved safety but did not include a mechanism for automatic deployment when parking.

[3] Reddy et al. (2020) introduced a motorized side stand mechanism integrated with a buzzer alarm. Although the system addressed rider alerts, it was restricted to ignition-based control and did not account for vehicle dynamics such as lean angle or speed.

[4] Recent studies highlight the use of gyroscopic and speed sensors to enhance decision-making for stand actuation. These advanced approaches ensure that the stand retracts only when the motorcycle is upright and in motion, thereby minimizing false operations and enhancing rider safety.

From the review, it is evident that existing solutions either rely too much on rider attention or lack full automation. Hence, there is a need for a comprehensive system that combines sensing, actuation, alerts, and safety interlocks to deliver a reliable and fail-safe side stand mechanism.

3. METHODOLOGY / SYSTEM DESIGN

The proposed system is designed to eliminate accidents caused by side stand negligence through the integration of sensors, a microcontroller, and a motorized actuator. The methodology combines sensing, decision-making, and actuation to ensure safe and reliable side stand operation.

3.1 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF THE PROPOSED SYSTEM

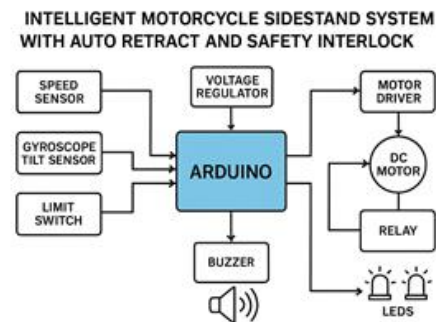


Fig – 2: Block diagram of intelligent motorcycle side stand system with auto-retract and safety interlock

The block diagram consists of the following modules:

- **Input Sensors:** Gyroscopic sensor (tilt detection), speed sensor (vehicle motion), and side stand position switch.
- **Controller Unit:** A microcontroller (Arduino) processes sensor data and decides stand operation
- **Actuator:** A DC motor with limit switches is used for stand retraction and deployment.
- **Output Alerts:** Buzzer and LED display provide real-time rider warnings.
- **Safety Interlock:** Ignition/throttle cut-off ensures the engine cannot start unless the stand is fully retracted.

This arrangement ensures reliable coordination between sensing, control, and actuation for safe stand operation.










3.2 WORKING PRINCIPLE

When the ignition is turned ON and the motorcycle is upright, the system commands the DC motor to retract the stand automatically. If the stand remains engaged while the motorcycle is tilted, the buzzer and LED provide continuous alerts to the rider. The safety interlock prevents the engine from starting if the stand is not fully retracted, thereby avoiding unsafe riding. When the ignition is switched OFF, the stand is deployed automatically after confirming that the motorcycle is stationary and upright.

This methodology ensures a fail-safe mechanism, reduces human error, and improves both safety and convenience for motorcycle riders.

3.3 COMPONENTS USED

The proposed automatic side stand system is developed using the following key components:

S.NO	Components & Photo
1	 <p>Fig - 3: Side stand used in prototype</p>
2	 <p>Fig - 4: Ignition key unit</p>
3	 <p>Fig - 5: Microcontroller</p>
4	 <p>Fig - 6: Led & Buzzer unit for rider alert</p>
5	 <p>Fig - 7: Limit switches for stand position sensing</p>
6	 <p>Fig - 8: DC geared motor for stand actuation</p>
7	 <p>Fig - 9: Gyroscopic sensor module</p>
8	 <p>Fig - 10: Speed sensor unit</p>
9	 <p>Fig - 11: Wheel +Tyre unit</p>

3.4 OPERATING CONDITIONS & SYSTEM RESPONSE

The functionality of the proposed automatic side stand system is governed by specific operating conditions that are continuously monitored by the sensors and controller. Parameters such as Ignition status, vehicle speed, gyro angle (tilt), and limit switch feedback are processed in real time to ensure that the stand operates only under safe circumstances. When the ignition is switched ON and the scooter is upright, the system automatically retracts the stand if it is in the DOWN position. Conversely, when the ignition is switched OFF and the scooter is stationary and upright, the stand is deployed automatically.

In all other cases, including situations where the scooter is tilted beyond a safe angle, moving at speed with ignition OFF, or when sensor discrepancies are detected, the system blocks any stand movement and provides appropriate rider alerts.

This logic ensures that the side stand performs only the intended action (UP, DOWN, or No Movement) under safe conditions, thereby minimizing human error and preventing accidental mishandling.

Condition Parameters	System Output	Auto Stand Action
Ignition ON, Speed =0 km/h, Gyro 0-5° (upright), Stand = DOWN	Stand is retracted automatically, buzzer beeps during motion, interlock released after UP confirmed	Stand UP
Ignition OFF, Speed = 0 km/h, Gyro 0-5° (upright), Stand = UP	Stand is deployed automatically, buzzer gives confirmation beep	Stand DOWN
Ignition ON, Stand not fully retracted (limit switch not at UP)	Engine start disabled, buzzer alert triggered	No Movement
Ignition ON, Gyro > 5°(tilted), Stand = DOWN	Buzzer + LED warnings active until scooter upright, engine interlock engaged	No Movement
Ignition OFF, Speed > 0 km/h (not stationary)	Stand deployment blocked, safety override active	No Movement
Sensor Fault / Limit switch mismatch	Motor stopped, fault alert via buzzer/LED, rider must correct the issue	No Movement

Table-1: Detailed Operating conditions & System response

4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

A prototype of the automatic scooter side stand system was developed and tested under various operating conditions. The setup included a DC geared motor with limit switches, a gyroscopic sensor, a speed sensor, and a microcontroller-based control unit integrated with buzzer and LED indicators. The system was mounted on a scooter frame to validate its functionality.

4.1 EXPERIMENTAL SETUP & PROTOTYPE IMAGES

To validate the proposed system, a 3D model and prototype of the automatic scooter side stand mechanism were developed. The setup consists of a DC geared motor with limit switches for actuation, a gyroscopic sensor for tilt detection, a speed sensor, and a microcontroller-based control unit. The control circuitry was interfaced with a buzzer and LED indicators to provide rider alerts.

The stand mechanism was modelled in 3D CAD software to ensure accurate fitment with the scooter frame and to study the space requirements for motor integration. The 3D model was then fabricated into a prototype for testing under real-world conditions. The motorized side stand was mounted on a scooter frame, and the electronic control unit was fixed near the battery compartment for ease of wiring and accessibility.

During testing, the system successfully demonstrated its ability to retract and deploy the side stand automatically based on ignition status, vehicle tilt, and speed conditions. Prototype images and the 3D model are shown in below fig

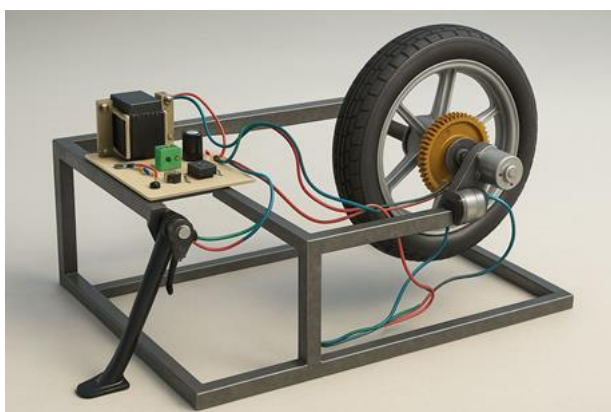


Fig - 12: 3D model - Prototype automatic scooter side stand system setup

4.2 OBSERVATIONS & ANALYSIS

From the prototype testing, it was observed that the stand retracted in 4–6 seconds when the scooter was upright and ignition was ON, while it deployed safely during ignition OFF and stationary conditions. In tilted states (gyro angle > 5°) or when the stand was not fully retracted, the system prevented

motor action and activated buzzer/LED alerts with engine interlock.

The results presented in below table and the response times shown in Figure confirm that the system operated reliably across all test scenarios. The analysis highlights that the integration of sensors and control logic enabled safe, fail-proof operation, thereby addressing the problem of side stand negligence effectively.

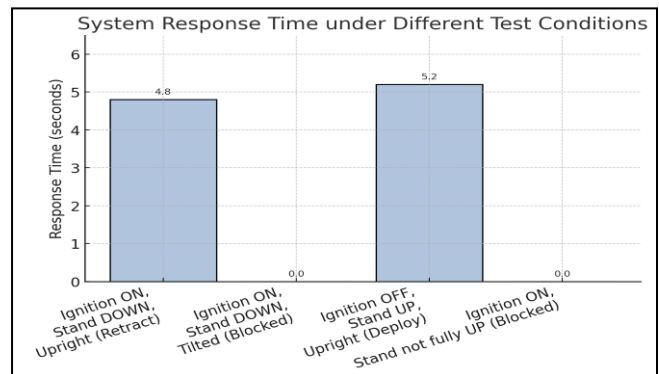


Fig-13: System response time under different test conditions

Ignition Status	Speed (km/h)	Gyro Angle (°)	Stand Position (Initial)	System Output	Result
ON	0	2 (Upright)	DOWN	Stand retracted automatically, buzzer alert during motion	PASS
ON	0	8 (Tilted)	DOWN	Buzzer + LED warning, no motor action, interlock active	PASS
ON	0	3 (Upright)	Not fully UP	Engine start blocked, buzzer active	PASS
OFF	0	2 (Upright)	UP	Stand deployed automatically, buzzer confirmation beep	PASS
OFF	10	2 (Upright)	UP	No stand action, safety lock active	PASS

Table-2: Experimental test observations & Outputs

5. ADVANTAGES & LIMITATIONS

The proposed automatic scooter side stand system offers several advantages that enhance rider safety and convenience. The major advantages include:

- Enhanced safety by preventing accidents caused due to negligence in retracting the side stand.
- Automatic operation of stand retraction and deployment reduces dependency on rider attention.
- Safety interlock ensures that the engine will not start unless the stand is fully retracted.

- Real-time alerts through buzzer and LED indicators provide rider awareness of unsafe conditions.
- Fail-safe logic using speed and gyro sensors prevents false operation during tilt or motion.
- Improved convenience, especially for urban riders, as the system operates automatically without manual effort.

However, the system also has certain limitations that need to be addressed:

- Slight delay in stand movement (4–6 seconds) due to motor actuation time.
- Additional cost of sensors, motor, and control circuitry compared to conventional stands.
- Dependence on battery power, which may affect operation if the vehicle remains unused for a long period.
- Maintenance requirements are higher due to electronic and motorized components.
- Retrofit challenges on older scooters due to limited mounting space and wiring constraints.

Despite these limitations, the system provides a reliable and practical solution for improving safety in two-wheelers, especially in scooters widely used for daily commuting.

6. APPLICATIONS

The automatic scooter side stand system can be applied in the following areas:

- Two-wheelers (scooters and motorcycles): To enhance rider safety and convenience in daily commuting.
- Electric scooters and EV two-wheelers: For integration with smart dashboards and intelligent mobility systems.
- Delivery and fleet vehicles: Where frequent parking and start-stop usage require reliable and automated safety mechanisms.
- Premium scooters and smart vehicles: As an added feature to improve technological value and rider experience.
- Academic and research projects: To study mechatronics-based safety systems and smart vehicle automation.

7. CONCLUSIONS

This project presents the design and development of an automatic scooter side stand system that eliminates accidents caused by rider negligence. By integrating a gyroscopic sensor, speed sensor, DC motor, and limit switches, the system ensures intelligent retraction and deployment of the stand under safe operating conditions. The inclusion of a safety interlock prevents engine start when the stand is not fully retracted, while buzzer and LED alerts provide real-time rider warnings.

The prototype testing confirmed that the stand retracted or deployed reliably within 4–6 seconds, and the control logic effectively blocked unsafe operations during tilt or motion. The results validate the system's ability to minimize human error, enhance rider convenience, and significantly improve overall road safety.

Although the system involves higher cost and maintenance compared to conventional stands, its benefits in terms of safety, automation, and reliability outweigh the limitations. With further refinement, such as IoT integration and compact design, this system can be adopted in future two-wheelers and smart scooters as a standard safety feature.

8. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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10. BIOGRAPHIES

**Aravind.S**

Student, Dept of Mech Engineering,
SPIHER, Chennai, India
Interest: Manufacturing, NPD,
Product Analysis & Systems

**Aruna.A**

Student, Dept of Mech Engineering,
SPIHER, Chennai, India
Interest: 3D/2D Designing of
Product/Packaging

**GeethaSri.J**

Student, Dept of Mech Engineering,
SPIHER, Chennai, India
Interest: Machine Maintenance &
Systems

**Dr.N Rajeswari, ME., Ph.D.**

Professor & Head of the Dept
Dept of Mech Engineering,
SPIHER, Chennai, India