

Health Monitoring Using Li-Fi Technology

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Abstract - With the tremendous developing devices, their use and their improvements prompted the headway in the Wi-Fi which gives an innovation purported Light devotion. Li-Fi is an innovation that utilizes Driven light which helps in the transmission of information substantially more quicker and adaptable than information that can be sent through Wi-Fi. Light reaches almost all over the place so correspondence can likewise go can be communicated through Wi-Fi. Light reaches almost all over the place so correspondence can likewise come with light uninhibitedly. Li-Fi is a part of optical remote correspondence which is an arising innovation. By involving apparent light as transmission medium, Li-Fi gives remote indoor correspondence. The piece rate accomplished by Li-Fi can't be accomplished by Wi-Fi. Li-Fi is the exchange of information through light by removing fiber from fiber optics and sending information through LED light. Li-Fi is the impending and on developing innovation acting as equipped for different other creating and currently created innovations. Since light is the significant hotspot for transmission in this innovation it is extremely beneficial and implementable in different fields that isn't possible with the Wi-Fi and other advances. Thus the future uses of the Li-Fi can be anticipated and reached out to various plat-structures like training fields, clinical field, modern regions and numerous different fields. We propose Li-fi Technology for wellbeing checking.

Keywords : Li-Fi ,VLC, Wi-Fi

1.INTRODUCTION

A 5G innovation as is commonly said, LIFI is instituted as a huge MIMO apparent light correspondence organization which utilizes LEDs. A future innovation that assurances to supplant the most recent 4G frameworks of correspondence. The current advancements which utilize WIFI characterize it as any "remote neighborhood (WLAN) items that depend on the Foundation of Electrical and Gadgets Designers' (IEEE) 802.11 norms". LIFI is considered another option or a trade to the at present utilized WIFI. With a depleted and blocked network, it was important to verbalize our brains into an innovation which not exclusively is pervasive yet additionally a ingenious amount. Teacher Harald Haas during his TED worldwide talk legitimately authored LIFI as what's to come impending innovation. Calm critical measures of benefits make LIFI an intense innovation. Apparent light is characterized as having a frequency in scope of 400 nanometers to 700 nanometers, which masters to have

multiple times more extensive range than the radio wave range utilized in WIFI. This innovation further enjoys the quintessential benefit of not requiring any base stations and fundamentally requiring unlicensed administrations. Exceptionally high information rates can be accomplished due to low impedance, high gadget transfer speeds and high power optical result. In addition, it is non-risky what's more a protected innovation which could in fact be utilized in riverbeds and is practical. These masters of LIFI surpass it from different advances..

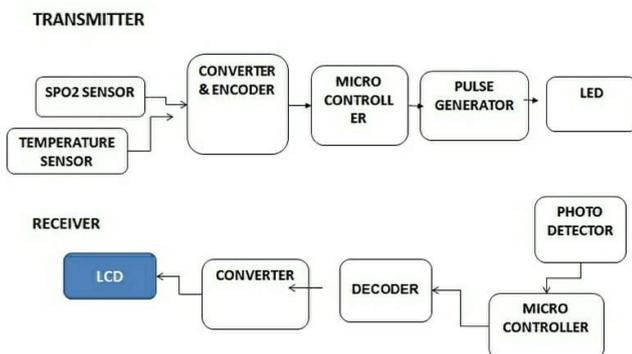
2. Existing system

In a current arrangement of marine applications RF signal based correspondence is utilized. So receiving wire is utilized for communicating and getting is utilized. RF correspondence is numerous standard like Bluetooth, Wi-Fi and so forth In gadgets emanate the RF energy and impart to all gadgets. Adjustment and demodulation are utilized. It examination of the uncoded IEEE 802.15.7 CSK PHY, alluded to as the TriLED (TLED) framework since it utilizes three shading LEDs (Trichromatic LEDs) as a source. The issues inside the TLED CSK framework connected with the location interaction and image planning have been tended to. A profoundly original four shading LEDs based CSK regulation, alluded to as five shading Drove framework, is introduced which beats the issues inside the TLED plot and gives a superior exhibition utilizing the accessible chromatic (or shading) and the force (or sign) spaces effectively.

3. PROPOSED SYSTEM

In the proposed framework we are combining a five tones into the single tones for the transmission of the information. Because of this blending the shaded information detail will be move into the single shading which have high intensity. Here we are utilizing prompted move the data. The information sign will be move contingent on the clock and counter. The drove flickering demonstrates the information moving interaction from the transmitter. In proposed framework we involving the drove as transmitter and photograph finder as beneficiary. These specialized gadgets will send the information. In this proposed framework we are send the information. Information are encoded and send by means of driven. The photograph locator gets the light energy and decoded into unique structure.

4. BLOCK DIAGRAM



EXPLANATION

All kind of information is changed over into double structure and encoded for transmission. That information as a heartbeat produced by miniature regulator. The transmission gadget as Driven. The getting gadget is photograph locator that gets the information. Information is decoded and changed over into unique structure. Apparent light correspondence is Exceptionally basic, on the off chance that the Drove is on, you send a computerized 1, assuming it's off you communicate a 0. The LEDs can be turned here and there rapidly, which offers pleasant chances for communicating information." So what you expect at all are a few LEDs and a regulator that code information into those LEDs. We need to simply shift the rate at which the Drove's glint contingent on the information we need to encode. Further upgrades can be made in this technique, such as involving a variety of LEDs for equal information transmission, or utilizing combinations of red, green and blue LEDs to modify the light's recurrence with every recurrence encoding an alternate information channel. This imperceptible on-off action empowers a sort of information transmission utilizing double codes: turning on a Drove is a consistent '1', turning it off is a sensible '0'. Data can consequently be encoded in the light by changing the rate at which the LEDs glint on and off to give various series of 1s and 0s.

5. EXPERIMENTAL SETUP



WORKING

TRANSMITTER SIDE

A 4X3 grid keypad is taken that communicates numeric information from 0-9,*, #. It is interacted with keypad driver IC 91214 b which is otherwise called DTMF tone generator. Each key has an alternate recurrence that is comprised of two frequencies one from low tone bunch from 697 Hz-941 Hz, and the other from high tone bunch from 1209 Hz-1477 Hz. The tone created is a DTMF recurrence which is changed over from computerized to simple structure by this IC. The result of this IC is taken care of to the operation amp 741c to forestall signal misfortunes. This IC is additionally associated with push pull intensifiers. A two way switch is given to choose keypad or a receiver. Assuming that the switch is on, mouthpiece is chosen else the keypad is chosen. A variable obstruction is given to change the intensification and sound of the speaker. At the result of the semiconductors a light is associated with convert simple signs into light structure. While then again mouthpiece changes sound over to simple structure.

RECEIVER SIDE

Sign got in the light structure is identified by the photodiode which changes the light sign over to simple structure. The photodiode is associated with the operation amp to lessen mutilation misfortunes. The result of the operation amp is associated with the IC MT8870 which a DTMF collector. Likewise the result of opamp is associated with the speaker to change yield simple sign over to sound structure. IC MT 8870 proselytes yield simple sign to sound structure. IC MT 8870 believes the simple sign to advanced structure and comprehends the recurrence got and changes over it into 4-cycle BCD structure for showing on 16x2 LCD. Microcontroller AT89c51 is utilized to communicate LCD and DTMF recipient. AT89c51 takes the BCD input from the DTMF recipient and showcases it on

the 16x2 LCD. IC 7805 is utilized, which is a voltage controller that means down 8V stock to 5V for the working of circuit.

HARDWARE

- **DHT11:** This DFRobot DHT11 Temperature and Moistness Sensor includes a temperature and moistness sensor complex with an adjusted computerized signal result. By utilizing the select advanced sign procurement procedure and temperature and moistness detecting innovation, it guarantees high dependability and great long haul soundness. This sensor incorporates a resistivetype moistness estimation part and a NTC temperature estimation part, and interfaces with an elite exhibition 8-cycle microcontroller, offering astounding quality, quick reaction, antiinterference capacity and costeffectiveness.
- **ARDUINO UNO:** It plays an important role. It gets the information from the Ultrasonic sensor and processes it. It compares the receiver data with the threshold level and accordingly output is generated.
- **LED:** A light-emitting diode (LED) is a two-lead semiconductor light source. It is a pnjunction diode, which transmits light when enacted. At the point when an appropriate voltage is applied to the leads, electrons can recombine with electron openings inside the gadget, delivering energy as photons. This impact is called electroluminescence, and the shade of the not set in stone by the energy band hole of the semiconductor.
- **Photodiode:** A photodiode is a semiconductor gadget that converts light into current. The current is created when photons are invested in the photodiode. A limited quantity of current is additionally delivered when no light is available. Photodiodes might contain optical channels, worked in focal points, and may have huge or little surface regions. Photodiodes typically have a more slow reaction time as their surface region increments. The normal, customary sun oriented cell used to produce electric sun based power is a huge region photodiode.

6. RESULTS

The output of the three sensors are displayed in the LCD as shown in the Figure .The information regarding the patient is sent to the end user using the mobile application LiFi data monitoring.



7. CONCLUSIONS

The normalized TLED CSK framework in view of CBC-1 of IEEE 802.15.7 has been examined, and a recently planned Drove CSK framework has been introduced and suggested over the current TLED-CSK framework in light of their blunder execution in an AWGN and dispersive optical remote channel with and without the incorporation of the cross-talk and inclusion misfortunes. The Drove framework has improved least Euclidean distance between the information images at the transmitter because of the utilization of four LEDs and furthermore permits first and second request Dim planning. The exhibition assessment shows that, contrasting with TLED conspire, Drove.

8. Benefits

1. Aviation routes, Liberated from recurrence transfer speed issue.
2. Increment correspondence security.
3. More astute power plants.
4. Under ocean Wonder.
5. Benefit of not requiring any base stations.
6. Principally requiring unlicensed administrations.
7. Extremely high information rates can be accomplished because of low obstruction, high gadget transmission capacities.
8. Focused energy optical result.
9. It is non-unsafe and a protected innovation which could actually be utilized in riverbeds and is Practical.

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